

# Transitional Age Youth (TAY) Coping Skills Group Intervention

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# Project Goals

The goal of the project was to implement a coping skills group geared specifically to the TAY population at Progress Foundation

## Outcomes

- Implementation of five psychotherapeutic group sessions
- Increased coping skills and increased perception of emotional support and companionship
- Decreased perceptions of loneliness and social distress

# Background & Significance of Problem

- Anxiety- and stress- related disorders and mental illness are highly prevalent among the foster care population (Kornor H, Winje D, Ekeberg, et al., 2008; Lebow, 2015; Shin, 2005; U.S. DHHS, 2007).
- High rates of abuse, neglect, and trauma (Farruggia, Greenberger, Chen, & Heckhausen, 2006; Stevens, Brice, Ale, & Morris, 2011).
- Increased risk of poverty and homelessness, substance use, poor educational outcomes, and unemployment (TAY, 2012)

# Background & Significance of Problem

- Adaptive coping skill interventions may increase resilience and reduce risk (TAY,2012)
- CBT as an evidence-based intervention (Kornør H, Winje D, Ekeberg Ø, et al., 2008).

# Current Practice at Agency

Currently, there are no existing group therapy sessions exclusively for the TAY population. Groups are a heterogenous mix of ages and backgrounds. This heterogeneity may hinder group cohesion and prevent clients from getting the full benefit of group therapy.

# Test of Change Intervention & Implementation

- Timeline: Five 90 minute-long sessions
- Areas to address: Logistics, communication, attendance
- CBT
- Breathing and meditation techniques
- Brief Cope Scale & Social Relationship Scale

# Data Analysis & Results

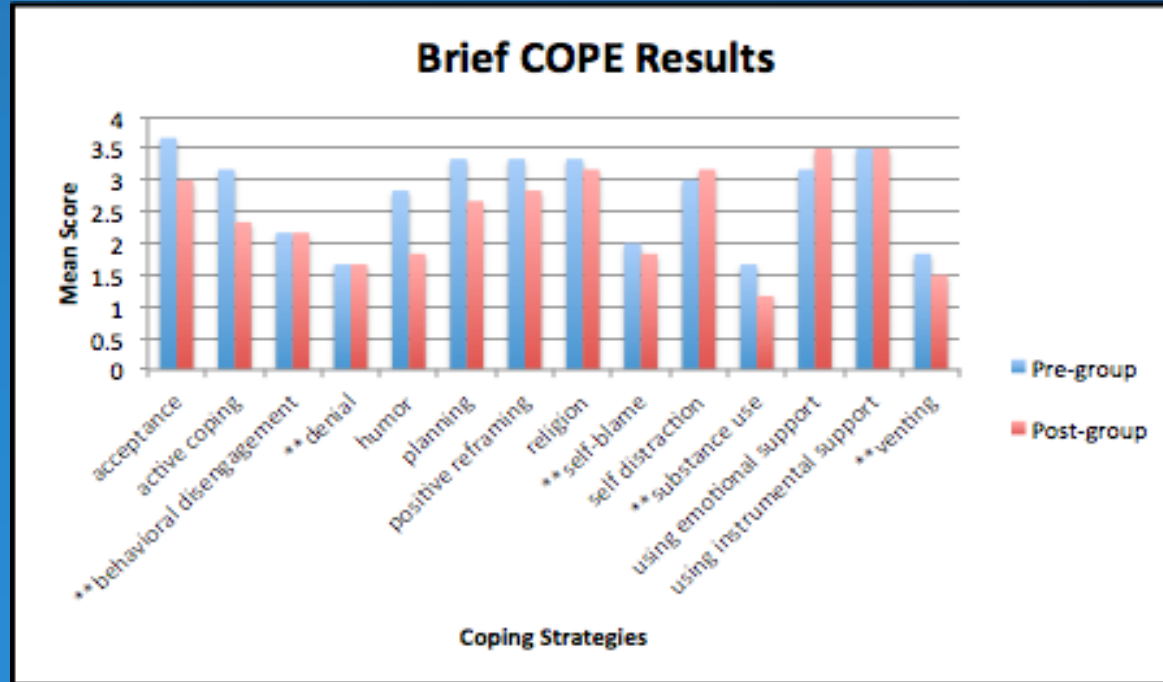
## Brief Cope Scale Results (mean scores, n=3)

Coping Strategy	Pre-group	Post-group
Acceptance	3.66666667	3
Active coping	3.16666667	2.33333333
Behavioral disengagement	2.16666667	2.16666667
Denial	1.66666667	1.66666667
Humor	2.83333333	1.83333333
Planning	3.33333333	2.66666667
Positive reframing	3.33333333	2.83333333
Religion	3.33333333	3.16666667
Self-blame	2	1.83333333
Self-distraction	3	3.16666667
Substance use	1.66666667	1.16666667
Using emotional support	3.16666667	3.5
Using instrumental support	3.5	3.5
Venting	1.83333333	1.5

### Scoring

- 1 = I haven't been doing this at all
- 2 = I've been doing this a little bit
- 3 = I've been doing this a medium amount
- 4 = I've been doing this a lot

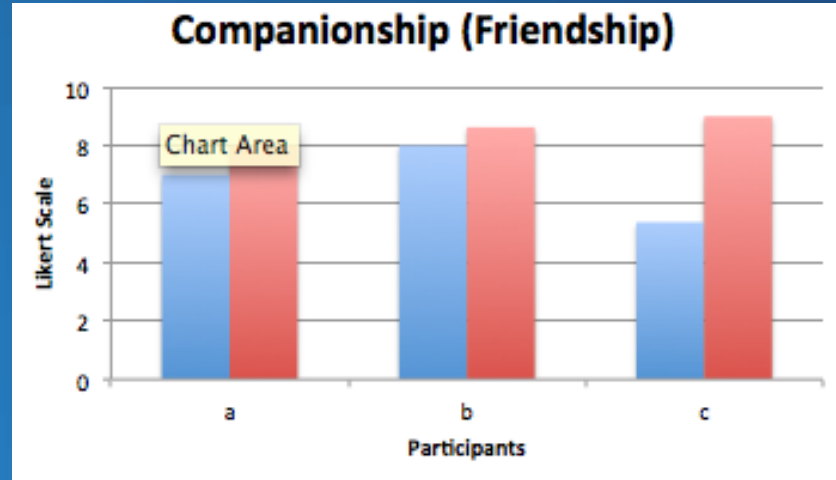
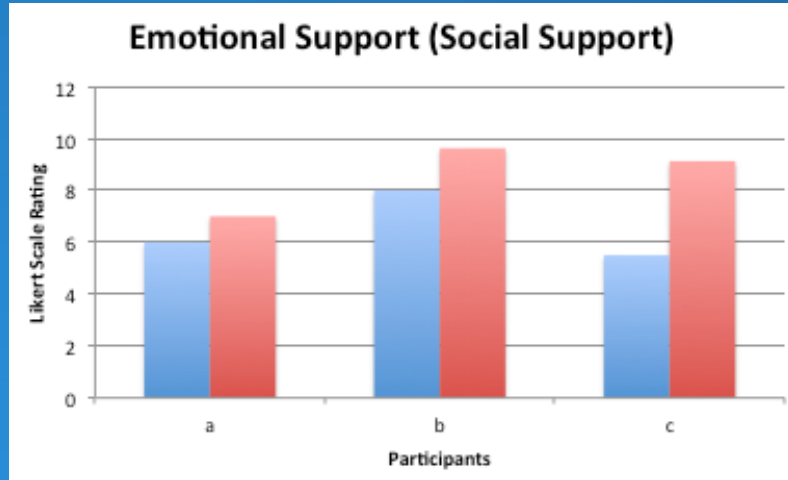
# Data Analysis & Results



\*\* Maladaptive Coping

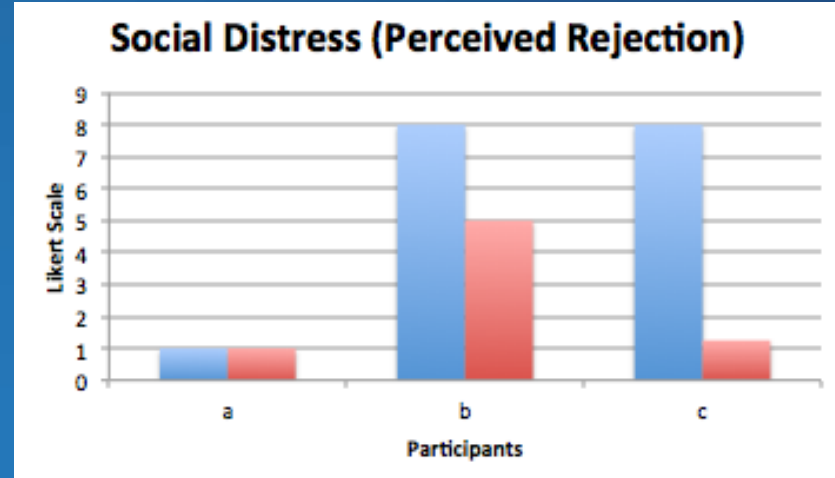
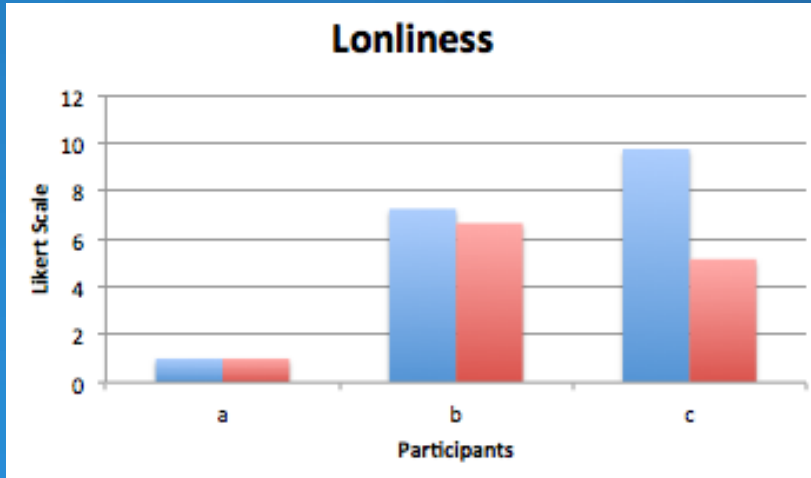


# Data Analysis & Results



Blue Bar = At the start of group  
Pink Bar = At the end of group

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# Discussion & Conclusions

- Cognitive-behavioral based groups for TAY:
  - increased coping skills,
  - increased perceptions of social and emotional support,
  - decreased perceptions of loneliness
  - decreased perceptions of social rejection
- Positive feedback for breathing and meditation exercises

# Implications for EBT and Practice

- Impact
- Effectiveness
  - CBT vs. breathing
- Leadership roles
- Plan



# Acknowledgements & References

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